

Emporia State University



About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
. , ,	Effective Teaching Practices
Commune Environment	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

Report sections

Overview (p. 3)	Displays how average EI scores for your first-year and senior students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.
Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)	Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:
	Mean Comparisons Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).
	Score Distributions Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores <i>within</i> your institution and comparison groups.
	Summary of Indicator Items Responses to each item in a given EI are displayed for your institution and comparison groups.
Comparisons with High- Performing Institutions (p. 15)	Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2013 and 2014 participating institutions.
Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)	Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. An effect size of .2 is generally considered small, .5 medium, and .8 large. Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

EIs vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how EI scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your *Major Field Report* (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE Web site: nsse.iub.edu



Overview

Emporia State University

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p<.05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p<.05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p<.05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p<.05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

rst-Year Stud	ents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year student compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Plains Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies	Δ		
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		Δ	
Peers				
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	Δ	Δ	Δ
Environment	Supportive Environment			

niors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Plains Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
	Higher-Order Learning	Δ		
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	Δ		
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning	Δ	Δ	$\mathbf{\Delta}$
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	Δ	Δ	Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	Δ		
Campus	Quality of Interactions	Δ	Δ	Δ
Environment	Supportive Environment	Δ	Δ	Δ



Academic Challenge Emporia State University

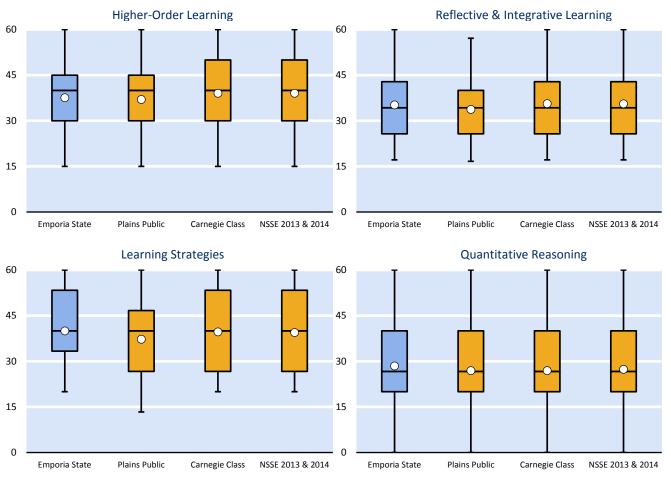
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with					
	Emporia State	Plains Public Effect		Carnegie Class Effect		NSSE 20	0 13 & 2014 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	37.6	37.0	.04	39.1	11	39.0	11
Reflective & Integrative Learning	35.2	33.7	.12	35.6	03	35.6	03
Learning Strategies	40.0	37.3 *	.19	39.7	.02	39.5	.04
Quantitative Reasoning	28.5	27.0	.09	27.0	.09	27.4	.07

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge Emporia State University

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Summary of Indicator Items

Higher-Order Learning	Emporia State	Plains Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	68	71	72	73
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	69	68	72	72
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	69	64	71	70
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	70	64	69	69
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	59	54	55	56
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	49	47	53	53
 Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments 	49	44	51	50
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	56	58	63	63
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	67	61	67	66
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	66	61	65	65
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	73	75	77	77
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	77	76	81	80
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	69	60	66	65
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	62	58	64	63
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	52	51	50	52
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	39	37	38	38
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	38	36	36	37



Academic Challenge Emporia State University

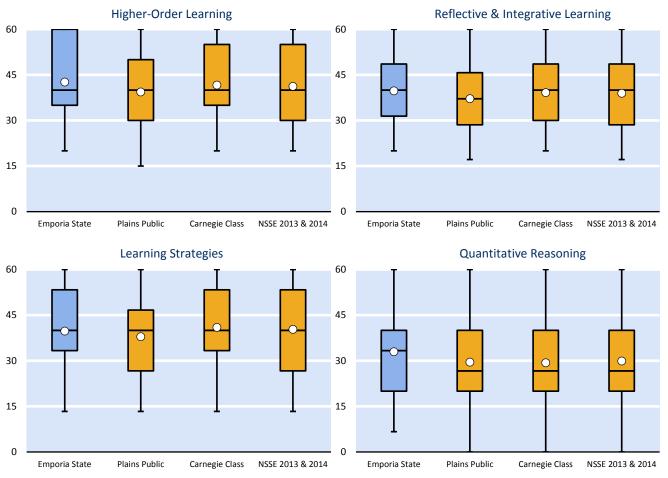
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

viean compansons		Your seniors compared with						
	Emporia State	Plains P	Plains Public		Carnegie Class		13 & 2014	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	42.6	39.4 **	.24	41.6	.07	41.2	.10	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	39.7	37.2 *	.20	39.1	.04	38.9	.06	
Learning Strategies	39.7	37.9	.13	40.9	08	40.3	04	
Quantitative Reasoning	33.0	29.5 *	.21	29.3 *	.21	29.9 *	.18	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



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Academic Challenge Emporia State University

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Summary of Indicator Items

Higher-Order Learning	Emporia State	Plains Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	83	79	80	80
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	79	74	78	78
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	76	66	74	72
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	80	67	74	72
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	74	72	71	72
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	65	59	65	64
 Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments 	68	49	57	55
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	73	61	67	66
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	70	66	71	70
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	76	66	70	70
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	84	83	84	84
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	83	79	84	83
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	70	58	66	63
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	69	60	67	66
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	55	55	53	55
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	54	43	44	44
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	52	42	43	44



Learning with Peers

Emporia State University

Learning with Peers: First-year students

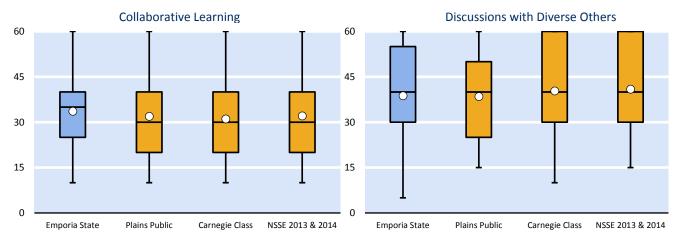
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

viean comparisons		Your first-year students compared with					
	Emporia State Plains Public Effec		Public Effect	Carnegie Class Effect		NSSE 2013 & 2014 Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	33.6	31.9	.12	31.1 *	.18	32.1	.11
Discussions with Diverse Others	38.7	38.5	.02	40.3	10	40.9	14

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



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Summary of Indicator Items

			Carnegie	NSSE 2013 &
Collaborative Learning	Emporia State	Plains Public	Class	2014
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	54	51	47	49
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	60	56	55	57
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	49	48	46	49
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	62	51	51	52
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	67	60	71	72
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	68	67	72	73
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	72	66	67	69
8d. People with political views other than your own	64	68	67	69



Learning with Peers

Emporia State University

Learning with Peers: Seniors

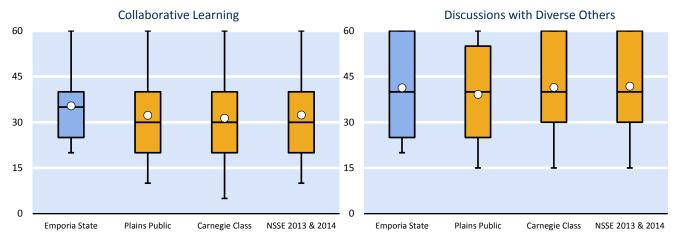
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

		Your seniors compared with						
	Emporia State	Plains Public Effect		Carnegie Class Effect		NSSE 2013 & 201 Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Collaborative Learning	35.4	32.3 **	.21	31.3 ***	.27	32.4 **	.20	
Discussions with Diverse Others	41.3	39.2	.13	41.5	01	41.8	03	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items

			Carnegie	NSSE 2013 &
Collaborative Learning	Emporia State	Plains Public	Class	2014
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	50	43	38	40
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	65	58	56	58
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	51	44	44	46
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	68	64	62	64
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	70	62	73	73
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	69	69	74	75
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	71	67	69	70
8d. People with political views other than your own	72	71	70	71



Experiences with Faculty Emporia State University

Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

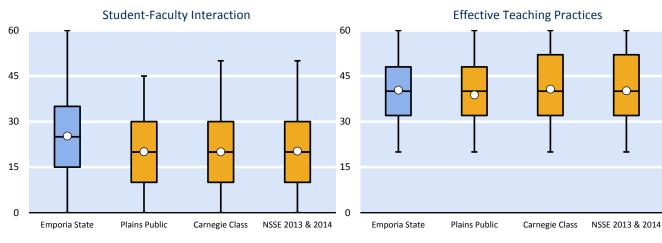
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

			with					
	Emporia State	Plains Public		Carnegie	Class	NSSE 2013	8 & 2014	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	25.3	20.1 ***	.37	20.0 ***	.36	20.3 ***	.34	
Effective Teaching Practices	40.4	38.8	.13	40.6	02	40.2	.02	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items

			Carnegie	NSSE 2013 &
Student-Faculty Interaction	Emporia State	Plains Public	Class	2014
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	45	32	32	32
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	28	19	18	19
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	30	23	25	25
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	41	26	29	29
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	83	80	81	81
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	78	79	79	79
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	79	76	77	77
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	69	60	67	65
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	70	59	64	63



Experiences with Faculty Emporia State University

Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

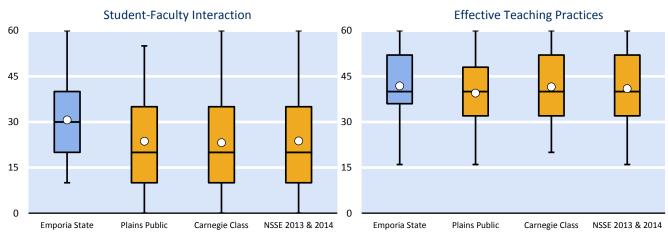
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

ican compansons			Your seniors compared with		
	Emporia State	Plains Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014	4
		Effect	Effect	Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	30.6	23.6 *** .45	23.2 *** .45	23.7 *** .42	
Effective Teaching Practices	41.8	39.5 * .18	41.5 .02	40.9 .06	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items

Student-Faculty Interaction	Emporia State	Plains Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	59	42	41	42
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	37	27	25	26
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	39	33	32	33
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	53	31	33	33
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	83	81	83	83
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	80	80	81	81
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	80	78	79	79
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	71	58	64	62
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	74	65	69	67



Campus Environment

Emporia State University

Campus Environment: First-year students

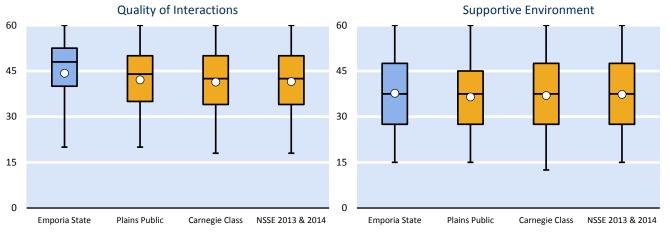
Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Quality of Interactions and Supportive Environment. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

lean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with								
	Emporia State	Emporia State Plains Public		Carnegie	e Class	NSSE 201	3 & 2014			
			Effect		Effect		Effect			
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size			
Quality of Interactions	44.2	42.1 *	.18	41.4 **	.23	41.5 **	.22			
Supportive Environment	37.7	36.5	.09	36.9	.05	37.3	.03			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<05, **p<01, ***p<001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items

Summary of Indicator Items			Carnegie	NSSE 2013 &
Quality of Interactions	Emporia State	Plains Public	Class	2014
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	64	60	59	59
13b. Academic advisors	62	50	48	48
13c. Faculty	55	48	50	50
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	49	45	43	43
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	50	43	42	41
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	78	76	77	78
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	73	75	78	78
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	64	55	59	59
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	77	73	71	73
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	75	73	71	72
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	50	43	45	44
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	77	69	65	68
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	55	51	52	53



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Campus Environment Emporia State University

Campus Environment: Seniors

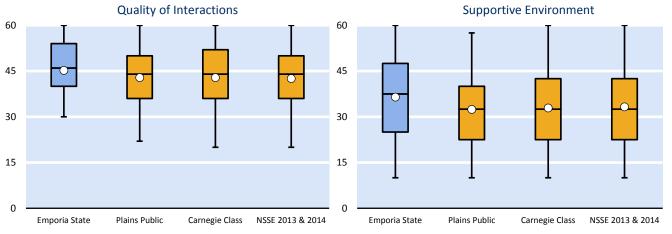
Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

ican companioono				Your seniors con	nparea with		
	Emporia State	Plains Public		Carnegie	Class	NSSE 2013 & 20	
			Effect		Effect	Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	45.2	42.8 *	.21	42.9 **	.20	42.5 **	.23
Supportive Environment	36.5	32.4 **	.30	32.9 **	.24	33.3 *	.22

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items

Summary of mulcator nems			Carnegie	NSSE 2013 &
Quality of Interactions	Emporia State	Plains Public	Class	2014
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	72	64	64	64
13b. Academic advisors	61	52	53	52
13c. Faculty	65	57	61	60
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	50	43	43	42
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	53	43	43	42
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	74	70	73	72
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	63	63	67	67
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	62	47	54	53
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	73	67	65	66
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	67	64	61	63
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	42	29	33	32
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	70	59	53	57
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	54	44	45	46

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Emporia State University

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

The results below compare the engagement of your first-year and senior students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2013 and 2014 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2013 and 2014 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable^b to that of the high-performing group. However, the absence of a significant difference between your score and that of the high-performing group does not mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year Students Your first-year students compared with **Emporia State** NSSE Top 50% NSSE Top 10% Engagement Indicator Mean Theme Mean Effect size Mean Effect size **Higher-Order Learning** 37.6 40.6 ** -.22 42.7 *** -.38 Academic **Reflective and Integrative Learning** 35.2 37.3 * -.17 39.3 *** -.32 Challenge 40.0 43.4 ** -.25 Learning Strategies 41.2 -.09 √ 28.5 28.8 -.02 ✓ 30.6 -.13 Quantitative Reasoning 34.7 -.08 37.0 *** 33.6 1 -.25 **Collaborative Learning** Learning with Peers 38.7 43.2 *** 45.6 *** **Discussions with Diverse Others** -.29 -.46 27.0 25.3 23.3 .13 1 -.11 **Experiences** Student-Faculty Interaction with Faculty **Effective Teaching Practices** 40.4 42.4 * -.15 44.6 *** -.32 44.2 **Quality of Interactions** 44.0 .02 46.0 * -.16 Campus 37.7 Environment Supportive Environment 39.4 -.13 41.4 *** -.29

Seniors			Your seniors compared with								
		Emporia State	NSSE	Тор 50%	NSSE Top 10%						
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size 🗸	r Mean	Effect size	\checkmark				
	Higher-Order Learning	42.6	43.3	05 🗸	′	19					
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	39.7	41.1	11	43.1 **	27					
Challenge	Learning Strategies	39.7	42.5 *	19	44.9 ***	36					
	Quantitative Reasoning	33.0	31.3	.10 🗸	33.0	.00	\checkmark				
Learning	Collaborative Learning	35.4	35.4	.00 🗸	x 37.7 *	17					
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	41.3	43.9	17	45.8 **	29					
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	30.6	29.5	.07 🗸	′ 34.4 **	23					
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	41.8	43.0	09 🗸	ý 45.1 **	25					
Campus	Quality of Interactions	45.2	45.3	01 🗸	′ 47.4 *	19					
Environment	Supportive Environment	36.5	36.1	.03 🗸	′ 39.0 *	19					

Note: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2013 and 2014 institutions, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a Emporia State University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mean statistics			Percentile ^d scores			Percentile ^d scores			mparison	results		
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g	
Academic Challenge	Weun	50	SLIVI	501	2501	500	7501	9501	Jiecuom	uŋj.	5ig.	3120	
Higher-Order Learning													
Emporia State $(N = 187)$	37.6	14.2	1.04	15	30	40	45	60					
Plains Public	37.0	13.4	.13	15	30	40	45	60	10,867	.6	.576	.041	
Carnegie Class	39.1	14.0	.06	15	30	40	50	60	61,483	-1.5	.142	107	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	39.0	13.8	.03	15	30	40	50	60	201,939	-1.5	.143	107	
Top 50%	40.6	13.6	.04	20	30	40	50	60	99,886	-3.0	.002	222	
Top 10%	40.0	13.6	.10	20 20	35	40	55	60	18,623	-5.1	.000	377	
Reflective & Integrative Learnir	ng												
Emporia State ($N = 196$)	35.2	12.8	.92	17	26	34	43	60					
Plains Public	33.7	12.2	.12	17	26	34	40	57	11,276	1.5	.097	.120	
Carnegie Class	35.6	12.7	.05	17	26	34	43	60	64,249	4	.635	034	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	35.6	12.6	.03	17	26	34	43	60	210,761	4	.661	031	
Top 50%	37.3	12.5	.04	17	29	37	46	60	100,598	-2.1	.018	169	
Top 10%	39.3	12.6	.09	20	31	40	49	60	21,688	-4.1	.000	324	
Learning Strategies													
Emporia State $(N = 165)$	40.0	14.1	1.09	20	33	40	53	60					
Plains Public	37.3	14.0	.14	13	27	40	47	60	10,222	2.7	.014	.193	
Carnegie Class	39.7	14.2	.06	20	27	40	53	60	57,046	.3	.806	.019	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	39.5	14.2	.03	20	27	40	53	60	187,138	.5	.647	.036	
Top 50%	41.2	14.0	.05	20	33	40	53	60	88,090	-1.3	.251	090	
Top 10%	43.4	14.0	.10	20	33	40	60	60	18,823	-3.5	.002	246	
Quantitative Reasoning													
Emporia State $(N = 188)$	28.5	16.7	1.22	0	20	27	40	60					
Plains Public	27.0	15.7	.15	0	20	27	40	60	11,057	1.5	.198	.095	
Carnegie Class	27.0	16.6	.07	0	20	27	40	60	62,508	1.5	.219	.090	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	27.4	16.4	.04	0	20	27	40	60	205,214	1.1	.356	.067	
Top 50%	28.8	16.3	.05	0	20	27	40	60	128,386	3	.784	020	
Top 10%	30.6	16.2	.09	0	20	27	40	60	29,460	-2.2	.067	134	
Learning with Peers													
Collaborative Learning													
Emporia State $(N = 198)$	33.6	13.8	.98	10	25	35	40	60					
Plains Public	31.9	13.8	.13	10	20	30	40	60	11,480	1.7	.094	.120	
Carnegie Class	31.1	14.3	.06	10	20	30	40	60	65,554	2.5	.014	.175	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	32.1	14.1	.03	10	20	30	40	60	215,917	1.5	.133	.107	
Top 50%	34.7	13.7	.04	15	25	35	45	60	121,366	-1.1	.245	083	
Top 10%	37.0	13.6	.08	15	25	35	45	60	27,852	-3.5	.000	255	
Discussions with Diverse Other													
Emporia State $(N = 165)$	38.7	16.7	1.30	5	30	40	55	60					
Plains Public	38.5	15.8	.16	15	25	40	50	60	10,279	.3	.839	.016	
Carnegie Class	40.3	16.3	.07	10	30	40	60	60	57,742	-1.6	.212	097	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	40.9	16.0	.04	15	30	40	60	60	189,458	-2.2	.081	136	
Top 50%	43.2	15.4	.05	20	35	45	60	60	111,157	-4.5	.000	293	
Top 10%	45.6	14.8	.10	20	40	50	60	60	23,362	-6.9	.000	464	



Detailed Statistics^a Emporia State University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile ^d scores			Co	mparison	results			
		4							Deg. of	Mean	4	Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
Emporia State $(N = 190)$	25.3	16.0	1.16	0	15	25	35	60				
Plains Public	20.1	14.0	.13	0	10	20	30	45	194	5.2	.000	.368
Carnegie Class	20.0	14.8	.06	0	10	20	30	50	62,801	5.2	.000	.355
NSSE 2013 & 2014	20.3	14.6	.03	0	10	20	30	50	205,954	5.0	.000	.341
Top 50%	23.3	15.0	.06	0	10	20	30	55	72,766	1.9	.076	.129
Top 10%	27.0	16.2	.15	5	15	25	40	60	11,869	-1.7	.149	106
Effective Teaching Practices												
Emporia State $(N = 192)$	40.4	12.9	.93	20	32	40	48	60				
Plains Public	38.8	12.8	.12	20	32	40	48	60	11,154	1.6	.083	.126
Carnegie Class	40.6	13.4	.05	20	32	40	52	60	63,295	3	.779	020
NSSE 2013 & 2014	40.2	13.3	.03	20	32	40	52	60	207,637	.2	.818	.017
Top 50%	42.4	13.2	.05	20	32	44	52	60	80,921	-2.0	.038	150
Top 10%	44.6	13.3	.11	20	36	44	56	60	16,251	-4.3	.000	320
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
Emporia State ($N = 162$)	44.2	12.6	.99	20	40	48	53	60				
Plains Public	42.1	11.8	.12	20	35	44	50	60	9,967	2.2	.021	.183
Carnegie Class	41.4	12.7	.05	18	34	43	50	60	55,178	2.9	.004	.225
NSSE 2013 & 2014	41.5	12.4	.03	18	34	43	50	60	181,336	2.7	.006	.217
Top 50%	44.0	11.4	.04	22	38	46	52	60	68,206	.2	.793	.021
Top 10%	46.0	11.6	.10	24	40	48	55	60	14,294	-1.8	.049	156
Supportive Environment												
Emporia State $(N = 145)$	37.7	12.9	1.07	15	28	38	48	60				
Plains Public	36.5	13.3	.14	15	28	38	45	60	9,614	1.2	.283	.090
Carnegie Class	36.9	14.1	.06	13	28	38	48	60	53,086	.7	.544	.050
NSSE 2013 & 2014	37.3	13.8	.03	15	28	38	48	60	174,464	.4	.752	.026
Top 50%	39.4	13.2	.04	18	30	40	50	60	89,301	-1.7	.114	131
Top 10%	41.4	12.8	.09	20	33	40	53	60	19,635	-3.7	.001	288

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 * SEM.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a Emporia State University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
		SD ^b	6514 ⁶		25.1	= 0.1		0.5.1	Deg. of	Mean	c: f	Effect
Academic Challenge	Mean	SD-	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size
Higher-Order Learning												
Emporia State (N = 128)	42.6	14.5	1.29	20	35	40	60	60				
Plains Public	39.4	13.8	.11	15	30	40	50	60	14,735	3.3	.008	.236
Carnegie Class	41.6	13.8	.05	20	35	40	55	60	85,853	1.0	.423	.230
NSSE 2013 & 2014	41.0	14.1	.03	20	35 30	40	55	60	262,840	1.0	.423	.100
Top 50%	41.2	14.1	.03	20	35	40	55	60	104,481	6	.238	046
Top 10%	45.3 45.3	13.6	.04	20 20	40	40 45	60	60	25,808	-2.6	.030	193
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	σ											
Emporia State ($N = 136$)	в 39.7	12.2	1.05	20	31	40	49	60				
Plains Public	37.2	12.2	.10	17	29	37	46	60	15,257	2.6	.018	.203
Carnegie Class	39.1	13.0	.04	20	30	40	49	60	89,305	.6	.600	.045
NSSE 2013 & 2014	38.9	13.0	.02	17	29	40	49	60	273,395	.8	.476	.041
Top 50%	41.1	12.6	.02	20	31	40	51	60	102,343	-1.3	.216	106
Top 10%	43.1	12.0	.04	20 20	34	43	54	60	22,574	-3.3	.002	267
Learning Strategies												
Emporia State (N = 119)	39.7	13.6	1.25	13	33	40	53	60				
Plains Public	37.9	14.7	.12	13	27	40	47	60	120	1.8	.144	.126
Carnegie Class	40.9	14.8	.05	13	33	40	53	60	118	-1.2	.341	081
NSSE 2013 & 2014	40.3	14.8	.03	13	27	40	53	60	118	-1.2	.641	04(
Top 50%	40.3	14.0	.03	13 20	33	40	55 60	60	118	-2.7	.041	188
Top 10%	44.9	14.1	.04	20 20	33	40	60	60	113	-5.1	.000	362
Quantitative Reasoning												
Emporia State (N = 131)	33.0	15.8	1.38	7	20	33	40	60				
Plains Public	29.5	15.8	.14	0	20 20	33 27	40	60	14,979	3.4	.018	.207
	29.3	10.0	.14	0	20 20	27	40	60	87,519	3.4	.018	.20
Carnegie Class NSSE 2013 & 2014		17.4	.00	0	20	27	40	60	267,813	3.0	.017	.200
	29.9					33					.045	
Top 50% Top 10%	31.3 33.0	17.2 16.9	.04 .08	0 0	20 20	33	40 47	60 60	162,286 40,505	1.6 1	.277	.095 005
	33.0	10.9	.08	0	20	33	47	00	40,505	1	.955	00.
Learning with Peers Collaborative Learning												
Emporia State (N = 135)	35.4	12.6	1.08	20	25	35	40	60				
Plains Public						33 30		60 60	127	2.1	006	210
Carnegie Class	32.3 31.3	14.4 15.0	.12 .05	10 5	20 20	30 30	40 40	60 60	137 135	3.1 4.0	.006 .000	.212
NSSE 2013 & 2014	32.4		.03	10	20 20	30 30	40 40	60 60	133	4.0 3.0	.000	.205
	32.4 35.4	14.6 13.8	.03	10	20 25	35	40 45	60 60	134	3.0 .0	.007	001
Top 50% Top 10%	35.4 37.7	13.6	.04	15	23 30	33 40	43 50	60	134	-2.4	.989	174
Discussions with Diverse Others												
Emporia State $(N = 121)$	41.3	15.8	1.44	20	25	40	60	60				
Plains Public $(N = 121)$	41.5 39.2	15.8 16.0	.13		25 25	40 40	55		14 105	2.1	.143	.134
				15			55 60	60	14,195			
Carnegie Class	41.5	16.4	.06	15	30 20	40		60	82,011	1	.928	008
NSSE 2013 & 2014	41.8	16.1	.03	15 20	30 35	40	60	60	251,045	5 2.6	.719	033
Top 50%	43.9 45.8	15.8 15.4	.04 .08	20 20	35 40	45 50	60 60	60 60	157,789 40,824	-2.6 -4.5	.068 .001	166
Top 10%	43.8	13.4	.08	20	40	50	00	00	40,824	-4.3	.001	294



Detailed Statistics^a Emporia State University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores	Comparison results				
		SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
	Mean											
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
Emporia State ($N = 133$)	30.6	15.4	1.33	10	20	30	40	60				
Plains Public	23.6	15.7	.13	0	10	20	35	55	15,000	7.0	.000	.446
Carnegie Class	23.2	16.5	.06	0	10	20	35	60	87,417	7.5	.000	.454
NSSE 2013 & 2014	23.7	16.3	.03	0	10	20	35	60	267,750	6.9	.000	.423
Top 50%	29.5	16.1	.06	5	20	30	40	60	64,691	1.1	.433	.068
Top 10%	34.4	16.4	.17	10	20	35	45	60	137	-3.8	.006	230
Effective Teaching Practices												
Emporia State (N = 133)	41.8	14.0	1.22	16	36	40	52	60				
Plains Public	39.5	13.2	.11	16	32	40	48	60	15,131	2.3	.042	.17
Carnegie Class	41.5	13.8	.05	20	32	40	52	60	88,473	.3	.791	.023
NSSE 2013 & 2014	40.9	13.7	.03	16	32	40	52	60	270,561	.9	.456	.06
Top 50%	43.0	13.6	.04	20	36	44	56	60	96,926	-1.2	.294	09
Top 10%	45.1	13.4	.10	20	36	48	60	60	16,547	-3.3	.005	24
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
Emporia State (N = 119)	45.2	9.7	.89	30	40	46	54	60				
Plains Public	42.8	11.1	.10	22	36	44	50	60	13,663	2.4	.020	.214
Carnegie Class	42.9	12.1	.04	20	36	44	52	60	119	2.4	.009	.19
NSSE 2013 & 2014	42.5	11.9	.02	20	36	44	50	60	119	2.7	.003	.22
Top 50%	45.3	11.3	.04	24	38	48	54	60	84,084	1	.955	00
Top 10%	47.4	11.6	.08	24	40	50	58	60	120	-2.1	.018	18
Supportive Environment												
Emporia State ($N = 112$)	36.5	14.8	1.40	10	25	38	48	60				
Plains Public	32.4	13.6	.12	10	23	33	40	58	13,498	4.0	.002	.29
Carnegie Class	32.9	14.6	.05	10	23	33	43	60	77,396	3.6	.010	.24
NSSE 2013 & 2014	33.3	14.4	.03	10	23	33	43	60	236,951	3.2	.019	.22
Top 50%	36.1	13.8	.04	13	28	38	45	60	99,499	.4	.775	.02
Top 10%	39.0	13.3	.10	17	30	40	50	60	16,818	-2.5	.047	18

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 * SEM.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.